MATH 1A - QUIZ 10

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Name:	

Instructions: You have 12 minutes to take this quiz, for a total of 10 points. **Show your work!** May your luck be integrable!

(1) (4 points) Using the definition of the integral, evaluate:

$$\int_{2}^{5} (2-x)^{3} \, dx$$

Note: The following limits are useful:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}, \quad \sum_{i=1}^{n} i^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}, \quad \sum_{i=1}^{n} i^3 = \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4}$$

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(2) (4 points) Calculate the following limit:

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{n}{n^2 + 1} + \frac{n}{n^2 + 4} + \frac{n}{n^2 + 9} + \dots + \frac{n}{n^2 + n^2}$$

(3) (2 points) Find the derivative of the following function:

$$f(x) = \int_{\sin(x)}^{1+e^x} e^{-t^2} dt$$