# MATH 1A - QUIZ 10 

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Name:

Instructions: You have 12 minutes to take this quiz, for a total of 10 points. Show your work! May your luck be integrable!
(1) (4 points) Using the definition of the integral, evaluate:

$$
\int_{2}^{5}(2-x)^{3} d x
$$

Note: The following limits are useful:

$$
\sum_{i=1}^{n} i=\frac{n(n+1)}{2}, \quad \sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{2}=\frac{n(n+1)(2 n+1)}{6}, \quad \sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{3}=\frac{n^{2}(n+1)^{2}}{4}
$$

(2) (4 points) Calculate the following limit:

$$
\lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n^{2}+1}+\frac{n}{n^{2}+4}+\frac{n}{n^{2}+9}+\cdots+\frac{n}{n^{2}+n^{2}}
$$

(3) (2 points) Find the derivative of the following function:

$$
f(x)=\int_{\sin (x)}^{1+e^{x}} e^{-t^{2}} d t
$$

